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EYE ON INTELLIGENCE AN

Sen. Eugene J. McCarthy has conce again focused the attention of the senate on the problem of who is to watch those who watch. He has urged creation of a joint senate-house commuttee to keep an eve on federal intelligence gathering activities. The proposal, though anathema to the Central Intelligence: agency, has great merit

This is not to suggest that the CIA's objections to congressional oversight are without foundation. It is quary true that intelligence activities are carried on most effectively in secret. There also is some danger that congress, whose proved of discretion is far from perfect, might not prove to be a least proof repository of data

about stelligence operations.

These objections could be dealt with however, if proper care were taken in setting up the mackinery of congressional oversight. It is apparent—to the public, at least, though many in congress; seem to have a blind spot on this point—that any joint committee charged with reviewing intelligence operations should not be six up on a seniority basis. Leaders of both parties in house and senate should choose for such a simmittee only men with the resultant of being able to keep sistents and of having placed the use and interest above mere parties in sectional advantage. If the was done, the danger of unsignificant or sectional advantage. If the minimized.

Let reasons for wanting some sent oversight are compelling. As Act arthy said in a senate speech, if the decision whether or not to with war is too important to be left to the generals, then "cold war intelligence operations are too important to be left to the specialists who conduct them." Properly safeguarded, congressional watchfulness over intelligence activities could do no harm. It might save the nation from a disaster on some future occasion when intelligence was again crucial.